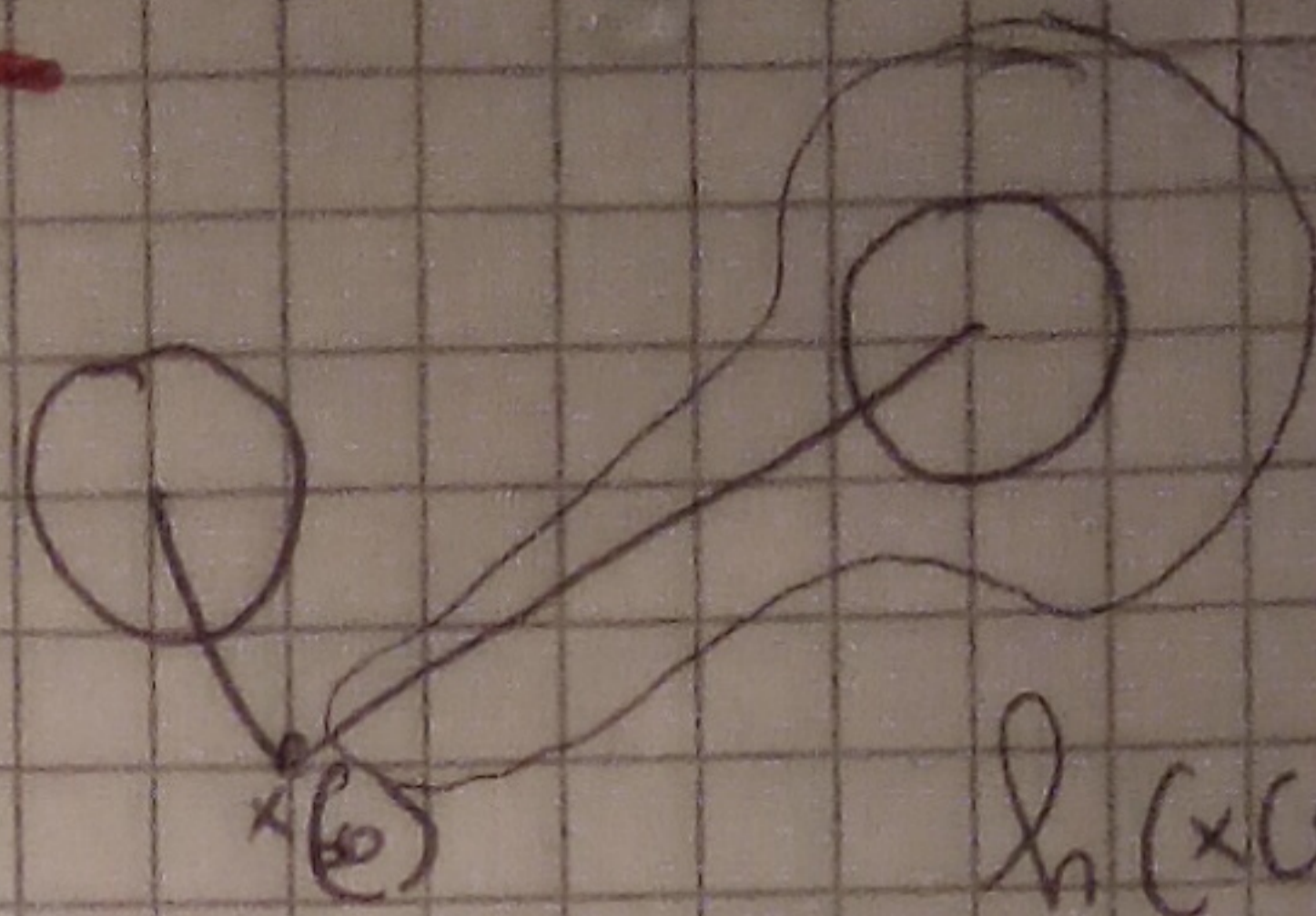


# SELECTED TOPICS IN QML

Simona 06/18

\*  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times d}$   $\vec{y} \in \mathbb{R}^d$

- SUP. VS UNSUPERVISED
- ROWS OF  $X$  as samples



KMN  
NC

$h(x(0)) = ?$   $h: \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow [K]$

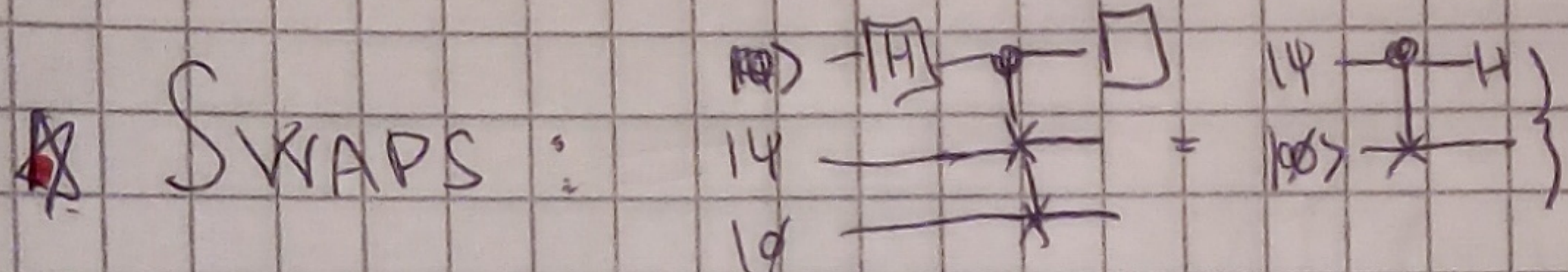
\* What is a Q.A?  $\Rightarrow \exists h: \text{given } U_i: |\psi\rangle \rightarrow |\phi\rangle \geq \epsilon, \eta, \dots > 0 \Rightarrow$

OFTEN  $U_i, U_k = P.E \rightarrow$   
H.S.  $\rightarrow$   
AA, AE  $\rightarrow$

$\exists U: |\psi\rangle \rightarrow |\phi\rangle$  s.t.  
 $\| |\psi\rangle - |\phi\rangle \| < \epsilon \wedge \| |\psi\rangle - |\phi\rangle \| < \epsilon$

w.p.

in time  $O(\log N^d)$



$p(0) = \frac{1}{2} (1 - |\langle \psi | \phi \rangle|^2)$   $\approx O\left(\frac{|T(U_\psi) + T(U_\phi)|}{\epsilon^2}\right)$  = COS DISTANCE

\* SWAPS & NOC.

QRA  $\left\{ \begin{aligned} |\psi\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle |x(0)\rangle + \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N |i\rangle |x(i)\rangle) \\ |\phi\rangle &= \frac{1}{2} ( \|x(0)\| |0\rangle + \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \|x(i)\| |i\rangle) \end{aligned} \right.$   $E = \|x(0)\|^2 + \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \|x(i)\|^2$

$d(x(0), \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N x(i)) = 2 p(0)$

\* QFDC:  $X_i \in \mathbb{R}^{N_i \times d}$   $X_k \in \mathbb{R}^{N_k \times d}$

$h(x(0)) = \min_k \{ F_k(x(0)) \}$

$F_k(x(0)) = \frac{\|X_k - X_0\|}{2(\|X_0\| + \|X_k\|)}$   $\rightarrow N_k$

$X_0 = x(0)$   $T_k$  times

AVERAGE SQUARED DISTANCE

• WE KNOW  $N_k, \|x_0\|, \|x_k\|$

$|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_k}} ( |0\rangle \sum_{i \in T_k} \|x(i)\| |i\rangle |x(i)\rangle + |1\rangle \sum_{i \in \bar{T}_k} \|x(i)\| |i\rangle |x(i)\rangle )$   $\rightarrow$

$p(|1\rangle) = F_k(x(0))$

SAMPLE & ESTIMATE BY RUNNING

$O\left(\frac{1}{\eta^2}\right)$

★ QUANTUM LINEAR ALGEBRA. Let  $M \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times d} = \sum_{i \in [d]} \alpha_i v_i w_i^T$   $\|M\| < 1$   
in QRAM. Then  $\exists$  Q.A.

•  $|z\rangle$  s.t.  $\| |z\rangle - |Mx\rangle \| < \epsilon$   $\left( \left| \sum_{i \in [d]} \alpha_i v_i w_i^T x \right\rangle \right) < \epsilon$   $O\left(\frac{\kappa(M)\mu(M)}{\epsilon} \log \frac{1}{\epsilon}\right)$

•  $|z\rangle$   $\| \Pi^\dagger \Pi^\dagger \cdot \| < \epsilon$

•  $|M^\dagger_{\leq \delta, \emptyset} M_{\leq \delta, \emptyset} x\rangle$

$M_{\leq \delta} = \sum_{i \in [d]} \alpha_i v_i w_i^T$

$O\left(\frac{\mu(M)\|x\|}{\delta\|\Pi^\dagger_{\leq \delta, \emptyset} \Pi_{\leq \delta, \emptyset}\|}\right)$

PRODUCTS OF MATRICES  $\Pi = \Pi_1 \Pi_2$

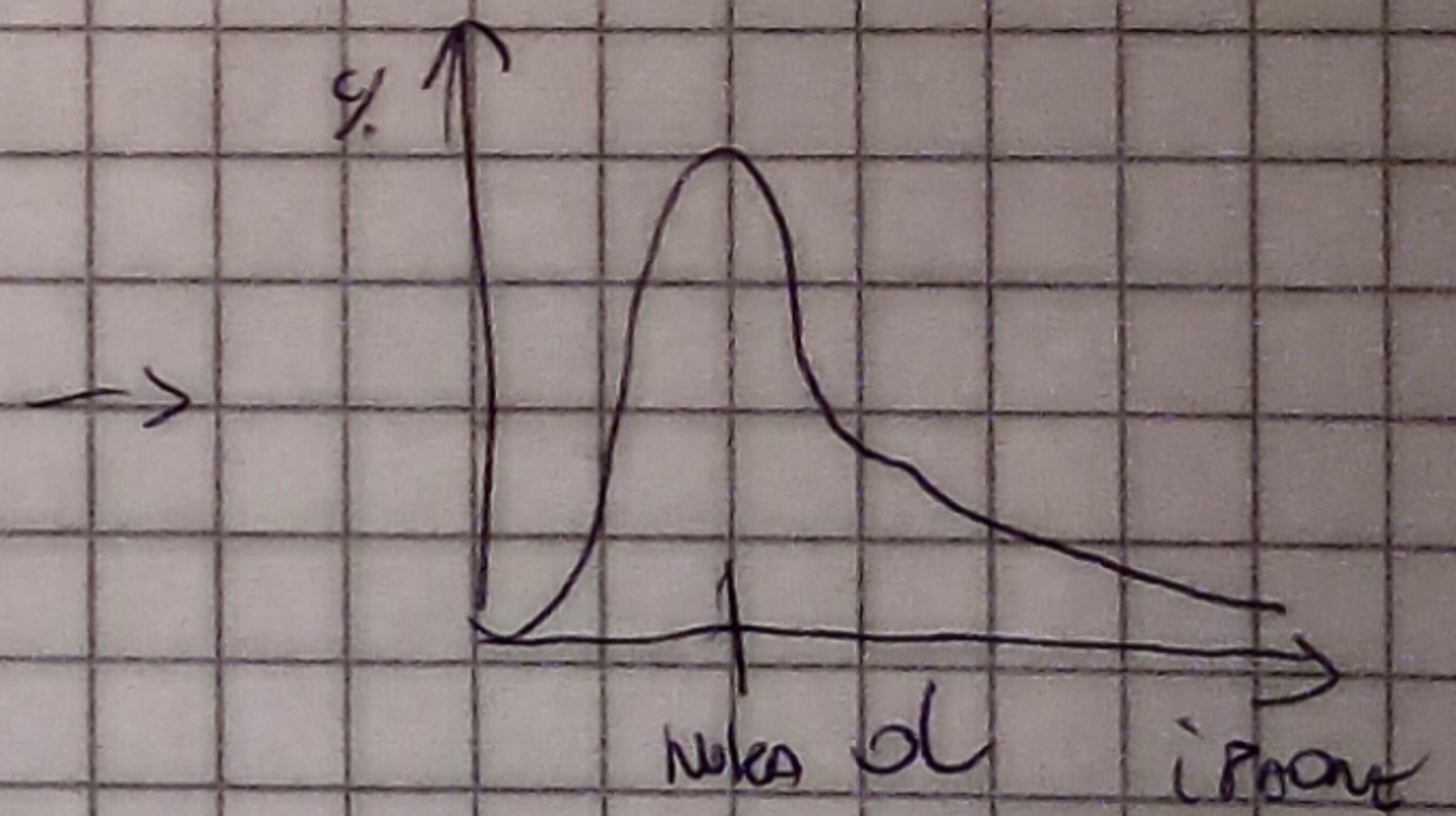
$| \Pi x \rangle, | \Pi^\dagger x \rangle = O\left(\frac{\kappa(\Pi_1)(\mu(\Pi_1) + \mu(\Pi_2))}{\log \frac{1}{\epsilon}}\right)$

$| \Pi^\dagger_{\leq \delta, \emptyset} M_{\leq \delta, \emptyset} x \rangle = O\left(\frac{(\mu(\Pi_1) + \mu(\Pi_2)) \|x\|}{\delta \|\Pi^\dagger_{\leq \delta, \emptyset} \Pi_{\leq \delta, \emptyset}\|}\right)$

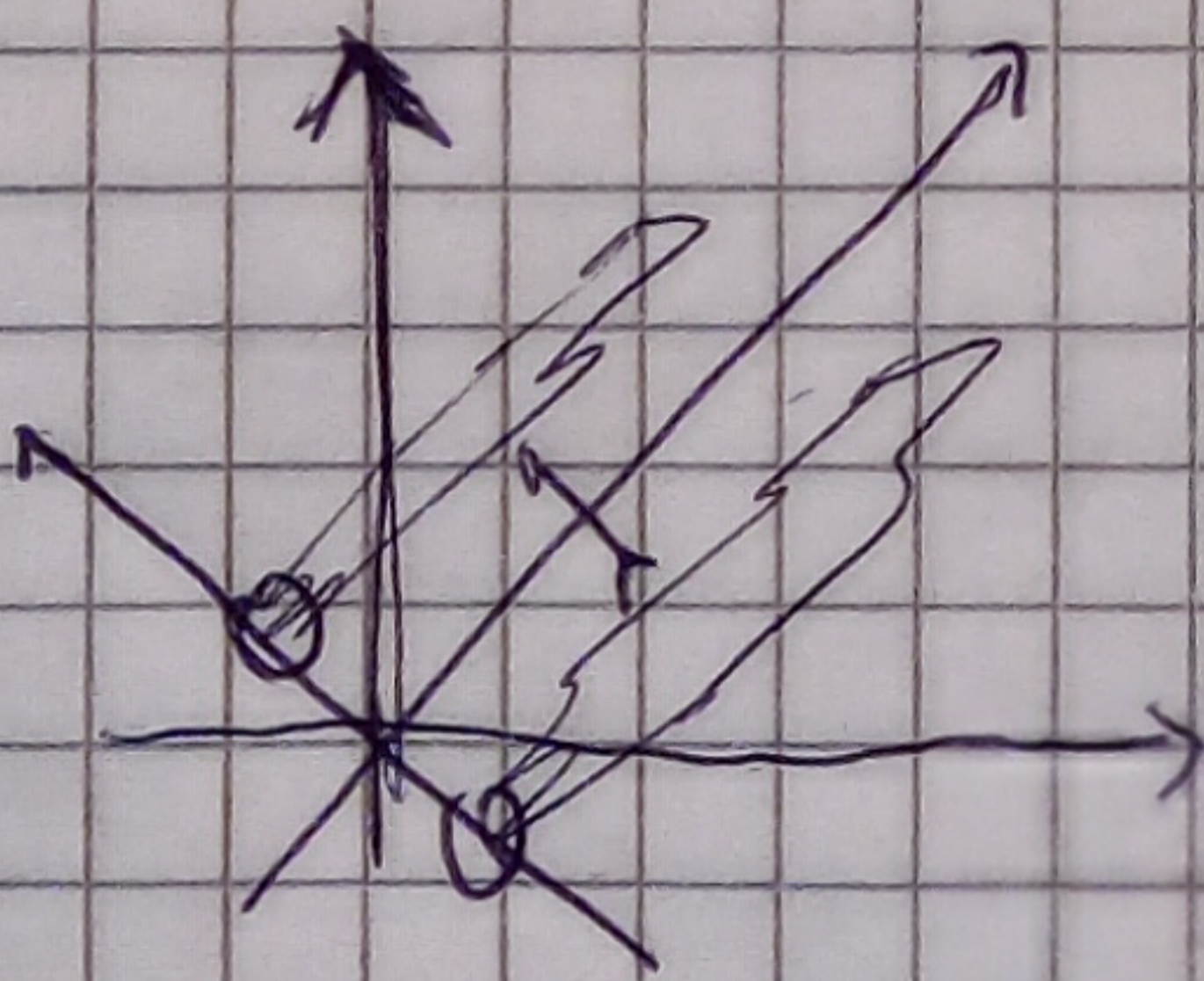
★ QUIZ. Course of dimm.

N NOKIA 196 : 80% Accuracy

N IPHONE 196 : ? Accuracy?



★ PCA

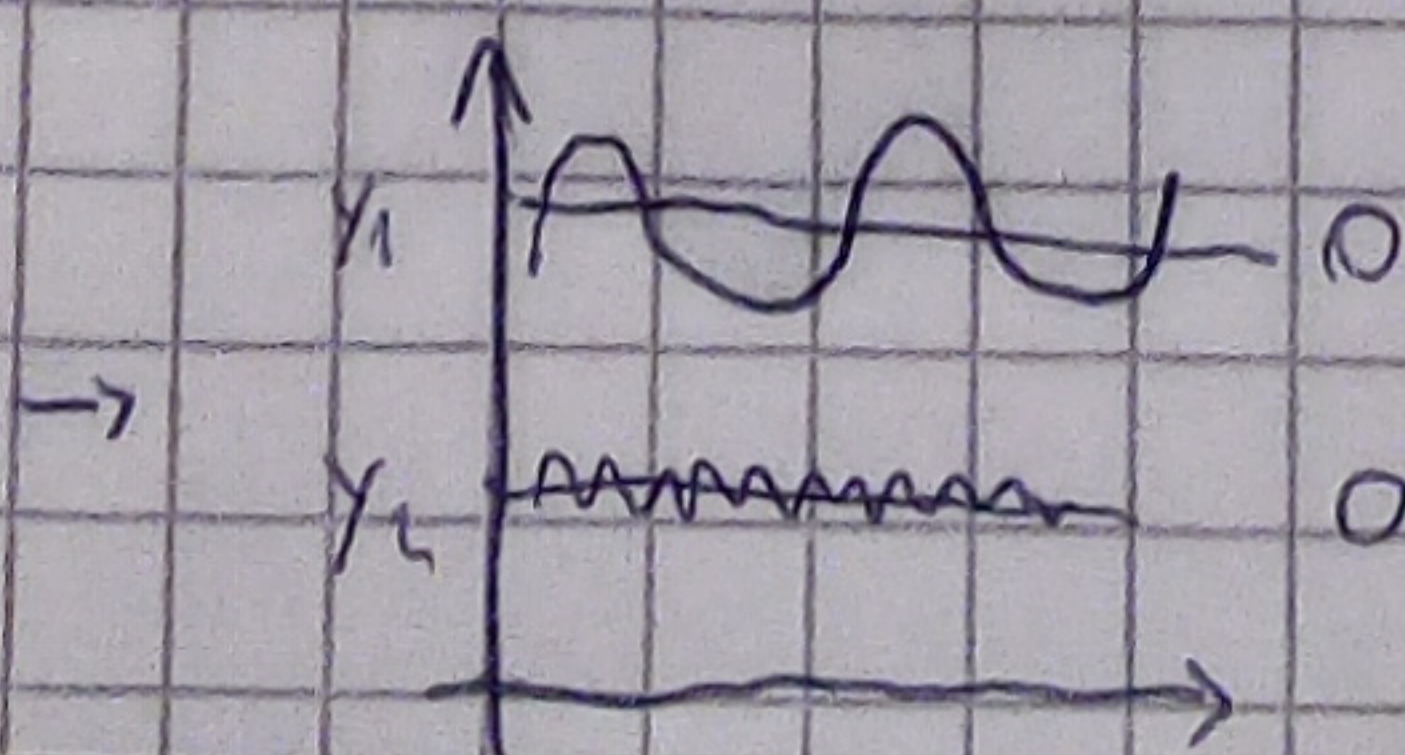
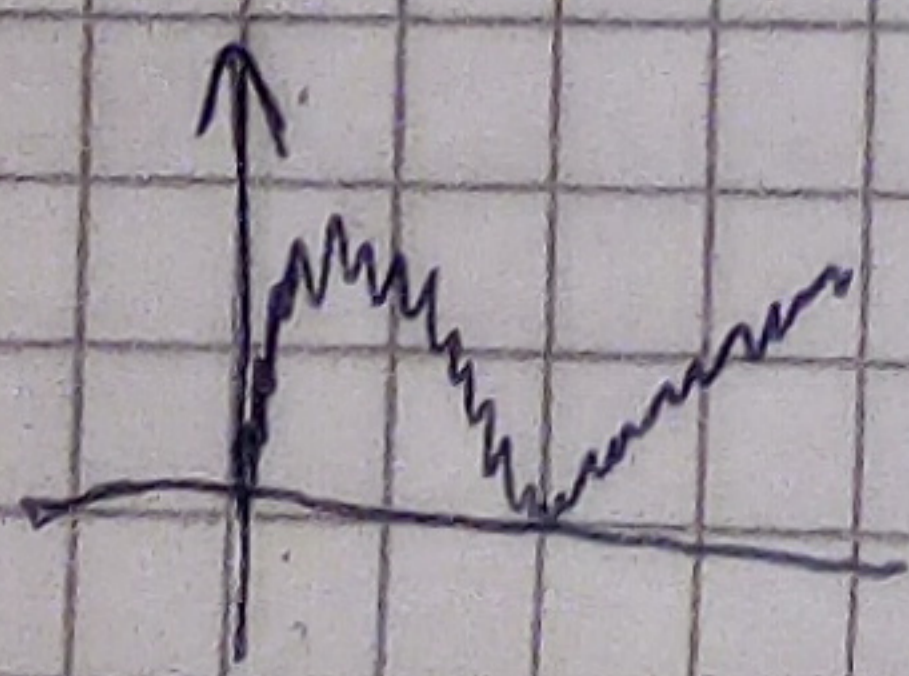


★ Q SFA  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times d}$   $\vec{y} \in \mathbb{R}^m$   $x^{(i)} = [x_1^{(i)} \dots x_d^{(i)}]$

FIND  $y^{(i)} = [g_1(x^{(i)}) \dots g_{k-1}(x^{(i)})]$  s.t.  $\forall s \in [k-1]$

$\Delta'_s = \frac{1}{a} \sum_{k=0}^K \sum_{\substack{i=1 \\ \vdots \\ i=i}}^{T_k} = \left( g_s(x^{(i)}) - g_s(x^{(i')}) \right)^2$  min.

$\frac{1}{m} \sum_{k=0}^K \sum_{i=0}^{T_k} y_s^{(i)} = 0$   $\frac{1}{m} \sum_{k=0}^K \sum_{i=0}^{T_k} (y_s^{(i)})^2 = 1$   $\frac{1}{m} \sum_{k=0}^K \sum_{i=0}^{T_k} y_s^{(i)} y_{s'}^{(i)}$  (2/3)



LINEAR CASE

$\forall v \leq y$   
 $g_s(x^{(i)}) = \langle w_s, x^{(i)} \rangle$

For reasons...  
map SFA to this  
optimization problem  
RAYLIGHT - POTENTIAL

$$\Lambda_S = \frac{W_S A W_S}{W_S B W_S} = \text{SOLUTION OF}$$

$$A W = \Lambda B W$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} A x = \lambda x \\ A W = \Lambda W \end{array} \right]$$

$$A = X^T X \quad B = X^T X = U \Sigma U^T$$

IN ORDER TO

$$B \rightarrow I$$

FIND HOW

$$X^T \rightarrow Z^T \text{ s.t. } Z^T Z = I \dots Z = B^{-1/2} X \leftarrow \text{SOLUTION}$$

$$B = U \Sigma^{-1/2} U^T$$

$$\hat{A} = Z^T Z = \sum_i \alpha_i w_i w_i^T \quad \text{TAKE } K-1 \text{ SMALLEST}$$

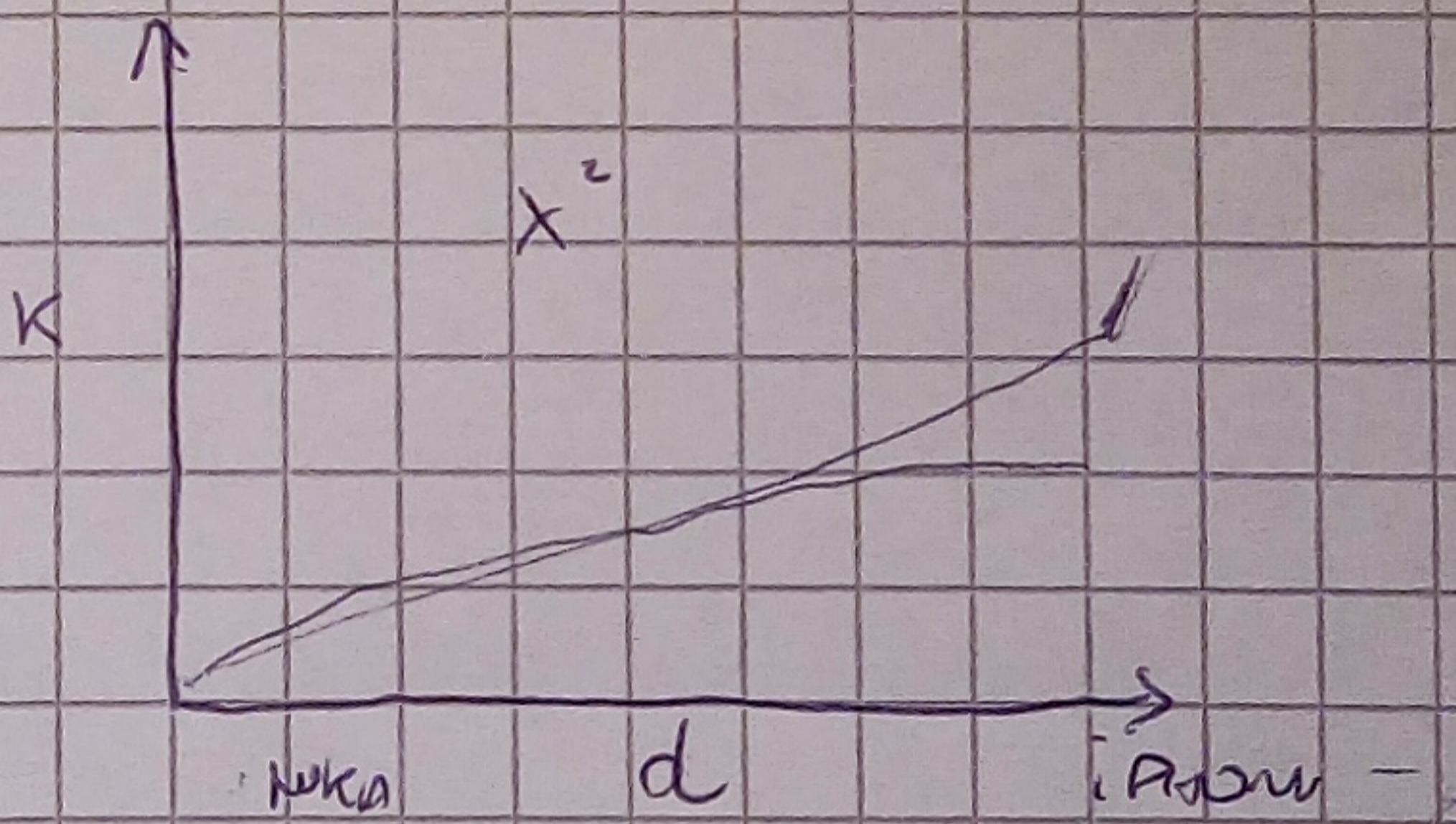
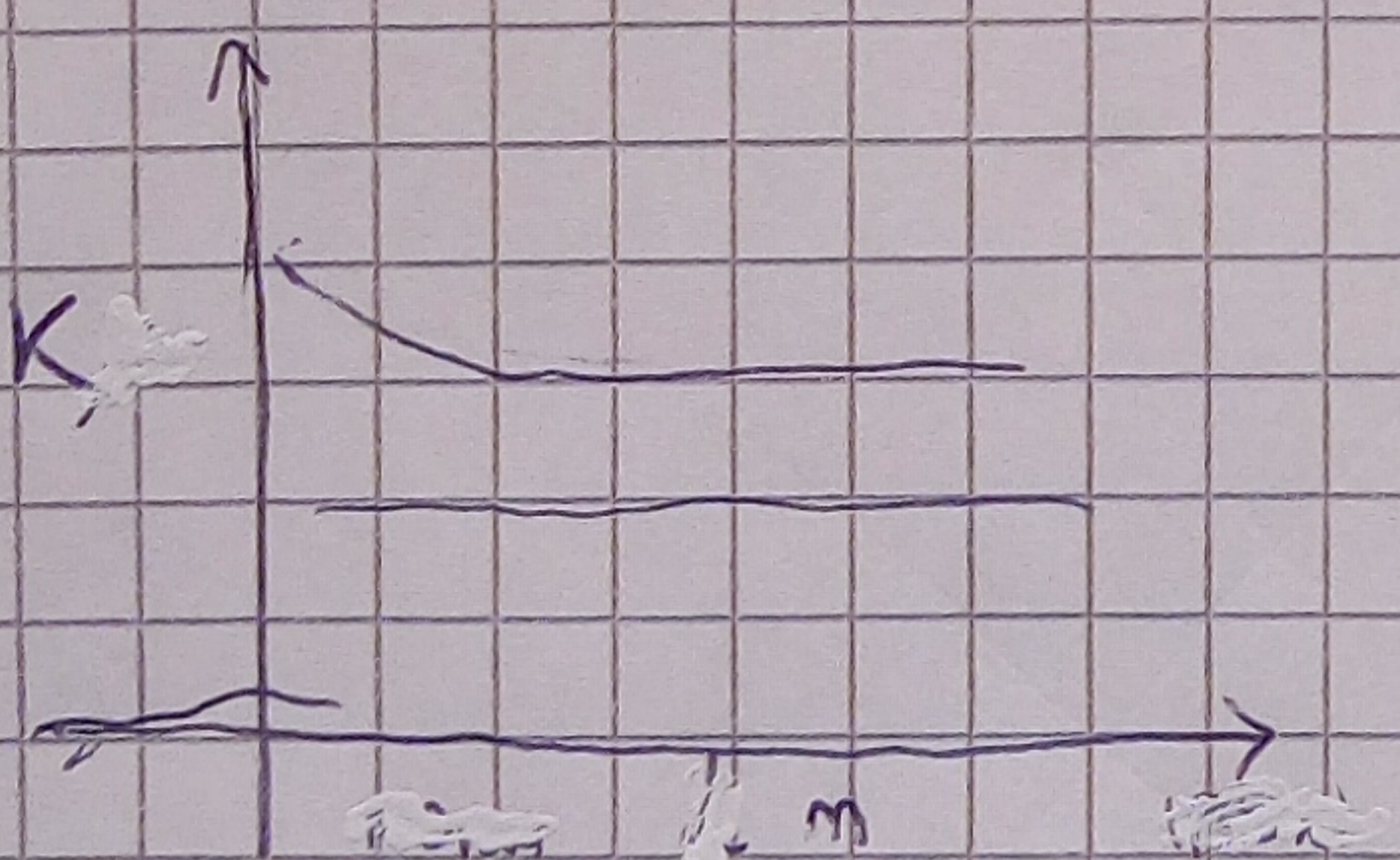
(B X)  
ALSO: WHITEN + PROJECT

$$|x\rangle \rightarrow |z\rangle \rightarrow |y\rangle = \frac{1}{N_x} \sum \|x(i)\| |i\rangle |x(i)\rangle \left( \rightarrow \frac{1}{N_z} \sum \|z(i)\| |i\rangle |z(i)\rangle \right)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{N_y} \sum \|y(i)\| |i\rangle |x(i)\rangle$$

$$O \left( \left( \frac{\kappa(x) \mu(x)}{\log \frac{1}{\delta}} + \frac{\kappa(x) (\mu(x) + \mu(x))}{\delta, \phi} \right) \frac{\|z\|}{|A_{\delta, \phi}^+ A_{\delta, \phi} z|} \cdot \log(Nd) \right)$$

\* FINISH



PolyExp  $\rightarrow$  NORMALIZED SCALE  $\rightarrow$  X  $\rightarrow$  QPAP X, X

classify...

